Activity/ Situation	CO	COVID SECURE ARRANGEMENTS FROM 4 <sup>th</sup> January 2022					
Location	Арр	leton W	iske Comr	nunity Prim	ary Scho	ool	
Persons at Risk	Pupils ⊠	Emp	oloyees⊠	Visitors	s 🗵	Contrac	tors 🗵
HAZARD(S)	X Contact Between Individuals Inadequate Cleaning/Sanitising Spread of Coronavirus to Staff, Pupils and Families, Visitors and Contractors Site User Becoming Unwell Site User Developing Symptoms Inadequate Hand Washing/Personal Hygiene Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE Visitors, Contractors & Spread of Coronavirus Inadequate Ventilation						
CONTROL ME	ASURES		ADDITION INFORM		YES	NO	N/A
	l and adapt this generic risk a g and amending others where						
	e below risks and potential of here is no adverse impact o						
Contact Between	Individuals						
consistent groups	,	n in	Communion staff and p		$\boxtimes$		
possibility that it ma	ment plans cover the ay become necessary es' for a temporary per veen groups		Communic staff and g		×		
Assemblies have re	esumed		School hal	II	$\boxtimes$		
Pupils can mix at b	reaks and lunchtimes	5	See rota		$\boxtimes$		
related insurance, a new educational international, are a	o in COVID-19 cancel schools considering b visit, whether domest dvised to ensure that e adequate financial	ooking ic or	either your commercia insurance the Risk P Arrangeme or an outd education assess the protection and make provides s protection event of a related car	provider, rotection ent (RPA) oor adviser to evaluable sure it uitable cOVID-19 ncellation			
Schools can under	take educational day	visits	Considera	ation	$\boxtimes$		

	NYCC Guidance for Activities in Schools - Autumn/Winter 2021			
Schools can undertake domestic residential education visits	Consideration given to NYCC Guidance for Activities in Schools - Autumn/Winter 2021	×		
School has resumed all before and after-school educational activities and wraparound childcare for pupils	More information on planning extra- curricular provision can be found in the guidance for providers who run community activities, holiday clubs, after- school clubs, tuition and other out-of- school provision for children	$\boxtimes$		
Inadequate Cleaning/Sanitising				
A cleaning schedule that includes regular cleaning of areas and equipment (for example, twice per day), with a particular focus on frequently touched surfaces is in place	Cleaning of non- healthcare settings outside the home	×		
Electronic entry systems and keypads are regularly sanitised particularly first thing in the morning and where possible after each use	Discuss with caretaker/cleaner	$\boxtimes$		
Bins for tissues and other rubbish are emptied throughout the day	Emptied by staff if necessary	×		
Stocks of cleaning chemicals, liquid soap, paper towels, tissues, toilet roll, bin bags etc. regularly checked and additional supplies requested as necessary	Staff to inform office staff of any requirements	$\boxtimes$		
Spread of Coronavirus to Staff, Pupils and Fa	amilies, Visitors and C	Contracto	rs	
Adults who are fully vaccinated and all children and young people aged between 5 and 18 years and 6 months identified as a <b>contact</b> of someone with COVID-19 are strongly advised to take a LFD test every day for 7 days and continue to attend their setting as normal, unless they have a positive test result	Close contacts in schools are now identified by NHS Test and Trace and education settings will no longer be expected to undertake contact tracing. Identified contacts will be contacted directly	$\boxtimes$		
Daily testing of close contacts applies to all contacts who are:	Children under 5 years are exempt from self-isolation	$\boxtimes$		

<ul> <li>fully vaccinated adults – people who have had 2 doses of an approved vaccine</li> <li>all children and young people aged 5 to 18 years and 6 months, regardless of their vaccination status</li> <li>people who are not able to get vaccinated for medical reasons</li> <li>people taking part, or have taken part, in an approved clinical trial for a COVID-19 vaccine</li> </ul>	and do not need to take part in daily testing of close contacts.		
Pupils with SEND identified as close contacts should be supported by their school and their families to agree the most appropriate route for testing including, where appropriate, additional support to assist swabbing.	For further information please see SEND Guidance	×	
Close contacts will be identified via NHS Test and Trace	Education settings will no longer be expected to undertake contact tracing	×	
Contacts from a school setting will only be traced by NHS Test and Trace where the positive case or their parent specifically identifies the individual as being a close contact	NHS Test and Trace will work with the positive case to identify close contacts	×	
Contact with individuals who are required to self-isolate is minimised by ensuring they do not attend the school	Inform parents/staff	$\boxtimes$	
Pupils, staff and other adults must not come into the school if they have symptoms, have had a positive test result or other reasons requiring them to stay at home due to the risk of them passing on COVID-19 (for example, they are required to quarantine)	Communicate with staff and parents	$\boxtimes$	
In most cases, parents and carers will agree that a pupil with symptoms should not attend the school, given the potential risk to others. If a parent or carer insists on a pupil attending your school, you can take the decision to refuse the pupil if, in your reasonable judgement, it is necessary to protect other pupils and staff from possible infection with COVID-19.	Your decision would need to be carefully considered in light of all the circumstances and current public health advice	×	
Schools are not required to use the NHS COVID Pass, unless they are holding a specific event (such as a reception, concert or party) that meets the attendance thresholds	Where applicable, schools should follow guidance on mandatory certification for events. Under 18s are exempt from showing their COVID Status but should be counted towards attendance thresholds	×	

The NHS COVID Pass is not used as a condition of entry for education or related activities such as exams, teaching, extracurricular activities or any other day-to-day activities that are part of education or training		⊠	
Settings will continue to have a role in working with health protection teams in the case of a local outbreak. If there is a substantial increase in the number of positive cases in a setting or if central government offers the area an enhanced response package, a director of public health might advise a setting to temporarily reintroduce some control measures	Advice will be taken and guidance followed as appropriate	×	
The Operational Guidance sets out the measures that all education settings should have in place to manage transmission of COVID-19 day to day. For most settings it will make sense to think about taking extra action if the number of positive cases substantially increases. This is because it could indicate transmission is happening in the setting	For most education and childcare settings, whichever of these thresholds is reached first:  • 5 children, pupils, students or staff, who are likely to have mixed closely, test positive for COVID-19 within a 10-day period; or  • 10% of children, pupils, students or staff who are likely to have mixed closely test positive for COVID-19 within a 10-day period  For special schools, residential settings, and settings that operate with 20 or fewer children, pupils, students and staff at any one time:  • 2 children, pupils, students and staff, who are likely to have mixed closely, test positive for COVID-19 within a 10-day period		
All settings should seek public health advice if a pupil, student, child or staff member is admitted to hospital with COVID-19. They can do this by phoning the DfE helpline (0800 046 8687, option 1), or in line with other local arrangements.	Hospitalisation could indicate increased severity of illness or a new variant of concern. Settings may be offered public health support in managing risk assessments and	⊠	

	communicating with staff and parents.		
Children and young people previously considered CEV should attend their school and should follow the same COVID-19 guidance as the rest of the population. In some circumstances, a child or young person may have received personal advice from their specialist or clinician on additional precautions to take and they should continue to follow that advice	N/A		×
Individual risk assessments for colleagues formally considered to be CEV are undertaken and reviewed regularly	N/A		$\boxtimes$
Pregnant women should follow the latest government guidance and avoid anyone who has symptoms of coronavirus. Pregnant women should be particularly attentive to social distancing. Pregnant colleagues should follow the same guidance as for previously defined CEV colleagues and an individual covid risk assessment should be completed and regularly reviewed in addition to the New and Expectant Mother (NEM) workplace risk assessment The risk assessment will need specific factors to be taken into account including:  — ensuring the working environment is as Covid-safe as possible, taking into account individual vaccination status and the risk of coming into contact with Covid cases as part of their role;  — they should not provide direct care to people who are known to have a current Covid infection, or symptoms suggestive of Covid	Communicate with staff as appropriate  Coronavirus (COVID-19): advice for pregnant employees		
All employers have a duty of care to their employees, and this extends to their mental health.  Make sure you have explained to all staff the measures you are putting in place. Discuss with all staff any changes in place as part of these measures.  Because some staff may be particularly anxious about returning, you may need extra systems in place to support staff wellbeing	Read about the:  extra mental health support for pupils and teachers, Wellbeing for Education return programme  Education Support provides a free helpline for school staff and targeted support for mental health and wellbeing		
Site User Becoming Unwell			
If anyone in school develops COVID-19 symptoms, however mild, they are sent home and told they should follow public health advice.	Symptoms of coronavirus (COVID-19)	⊠	

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If a pupil is awaiting collection, they should be left in a room on their own if possible and safe to do so. A window should be opened for fresh air ventilation if possible	If it is not possible to isolate them, move them to an area which is at least 2 metres away from other people	×			
If the pupil needs to go to the toilet while waiting to be collected, they should use a separate toilet if possible. The toilet should be cleaned and disinfected using standard cleaning products before being used by anyone else	In this situation, the staff toilet would be cleaned by a member of staff (using PPE)	×			
PPE should be worn by staff caring for the pupil while they await collection if close contact is necessary	See Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE section of this risk assessment	×			
The room used by the pupil awaiting collection should be cleaned after they have left	A member of staff will clean the room	$\boxtimes$			
The household (including any siblings) should follow the UKHSA stay at home guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection	Stay at home quidance for households with possible coronavirus-covid-19 infection	×			
Everyone displaying coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms should avoid using public transport and, wherever possible, be collected by a member of their family or household	Communicate with parents	×			
In exceptional circumstances, if parents or carers cannot arrange to have their child collected, if age-appropriate and safe to do so the child should walk, cycle or scoot home	With the Head Teacher's permission	×			
In an emergency, call 999 if the pupil is seriously ill or injured or their life is at risk.	Anyone with coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms should not visit the GP, pharmacy, urgent care centre or a hospital	×			
Site User Developing Symptoms					
Schools must ensure that staff members and parents/carers understand that they will need to be ready and willing to book a test if they are displaying symptoms. The main symptoms are a high temperature, a new continuous cough and/or a loss or change to your sense of smell or taste. Staff and pupils must not come into the school if they have symptoms, and must be sent home to self-isolate if they develop them in school. All children can be tested if they have symptoms, including children under 5, but children aged 11 and under will need to be helped by their parents or carers if using a home testing kit	The advice service (or PHE local health protection team if escalated) will provide definitive advice on who must be sent home. A template letter will be provided to schools, on the advice of the health protection team, to send to parents and staff if needed	×			

Staff in all settings should undertake twice weekly home tests	Discuss with staff	$\boxtimes$	
There is no need for primary age pupils (those in year 6 and below) to regularly test, unless they have been identified as a contact for someone who has tested positive for Covid-19 and therefore advised to take lateral flow tests every day for 7 days	Communicate with staff and parents	×	
Staff and pupils with a positive LFD test result should self-isolate in line with the stay at home guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection. They will also need to get a free PCR test to check if they have COVID-19.	Communicate with staff and parents	×	
If the PCR test is taken within 2 days of the positive lateral flow test, and is negative, it overrides the self-test LFD test and the pupil can return to school, as long as the individual doesn't have COVID-19 symptoms	As above	×	
From 11 January in England, people who receive positive lateral flow device (LFD) test results for coronavirus (COVID-19) will be required to self-isolate immediately and won't be required to take a confirmatory PCR test	Lateral flow tests are taken by people who do not have COVID-19 symptoms. Anyone who develops 1 of the 3 main COVID-19 symptoms should stay at home and self-isolate and take a PCR test. They must self-isolate if they get a positive test result, even if they have had a recent negative lateral flow test — these rules have not changed		
Whilst awaiting the confirmatory PCR result, the individual should continue to self-isolate	As above	$\boxtimes$	
Those with symptoms are expected to order a test online or visit a test site to take a lab-based polymerase chain reaction (PCR) test to check if they have the virus	As above	×	
Pupils, staff and other adults should follow public health advice on when to self-isolate and what to do	When to self-isolate and what to do - Coronavirus (COVID-19)	×	
Individuals who are self-isolating with COVID-19 will have the option to reduce their isolation period after 5 full days if they test negative with a lateral flow device (LFD) test on both day 5 and day 6 and they do not have a temperature	It is crucial that people isolating with COVID-19 wait until they have received 2 negative rapid lateral flow tests on 2 consecutive days to	×	

reduce the chance of still being infectious. For example, if they test negative on the morning of day 5 and the morning of day 6, they can return to their education or childcare setting immediately on day The first test must be taken no earlier than day 5 of the self-isolation period, and the second must be taken the following day. All test results should be reported to NHS Test and Trace. If the result of either of their tests is positive, they should continue to selfisolate until they get negative results from two LFD tests on consecutive days or until they have completed 10 full days of selfisolation, whichever is earliest. Anyone who is unable to take LFD tests or anyone who continues to have a temperature will need to complete the full 10 day period of self-isolation. The default selfisolation period continues to be 10 days, and you may only leave selfisolation early if you have taken 2 rapid lateral flow tests and do not have a temperature in line with guidance

Anyone who is unable to take LFD tests will need to complete the full 10 day period of self-isolation	Communicate with staff/parents	×	
Inadequate Hand Washing/Personal Hygiene			
Staff/pupils/cleaners/contractors etc. will be reminded to clean their hands regularly, including;  • when they arrive at the school • when they return from breaks • when they change rooms • before and after eating	Ensure that staff have sufficient time to wash their hands regularly, as frequently as pupils	×	
Consideration given to how often pupils and staff will need to wash their hands and incorporated time for this is in timetables or lesson plans	Discuss with staff	×	
Staff working with pupils who spit uncontrollably may want more opportunities to wash their hands than other staff			⊠
Pupils who use saliva as a sensory stimulant or who struggle with 'catch it, bin it, kill it' may also need more opportunities to wash their hands and this has been considered			$\boxtimes$
Help given to pupils with complex needs to clean their hands properly	Support provided as required	$\boxtimes$	
Risk assessments for pupils with complex needs that may struggle to maintain as good respiratory hygiene as their peers, for example those who spit uncontrollably or use saliva as a sensory stimulant, have been updated in order to support these pupils and the staff working with them			×
Hands are washed with liquid soap & water for a minimum of 20 seconds	Remind pupils	$\boxtimes$	
The school has considered whether they have enough hand washing or hand sanitiser 'stations' available so that all pupils and staff can clean their hands regularly	Yes	×	
Alcohol based hand cleansers/gels can only be used if soap and water are not available, but is not a substitute for hand washing. Such gels MUST ONLY BE USED UNDER CLOSE SUPERVISION. In normal circumstances pupils should not be using alcohol based hand cleansers because of the risk of ingestion	Skin friendly cleaning wipes can be used as an alternative	×	
School has embedded hand washing routines into school culture, supported by behaviour expectations to help ensure younger pupils and those with complex needs understand the need to follow them	Remind pupils	×	

The 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach is very important and is promoted	Germs spread easily, Always carry tissues and use them to catch your cough or sneeze.  BIN IT Germs can live for several hours on tissues. Dispose of your tissue as soon as possible.  KILL IT Hands can transfer germs to every surface you touch. Clean your hands as soon as you can.	×	
Disposable tissues are available in each room for both staff and pupil use	Inform office staff of any requirements	$\boxtimes$	
Bins (ideally lidded pedal bins) for tissues are available in each room	Yes	×	
School has embedded the 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach to ensure younger pupils and those with complex needs get this right, and that all pupils understand that this is now part of how the school operates	The e-bug website contains free resources for schools, including materials to encourage good hand and respiratory hygiene	×	
Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE			
Face coverings are worn when moving around the premises, outside of classrooms, such as in corridors and communal areas in all settings by staff and visitors unless they are exempt	Inform staff	×	
We are mindful and respectful of such circumstances where people may not be able to wear a face covering	This includes; • people who cannot put on, wear or remove a face covering because of a physical or mental illness or impairment, or disability • people for whom putting on, wearing or removing a face covering will cause severe distress • people speaking to or providing assistance to someone who relies on lip reading, clear sound or facial expressions to communicate • to avoid the risk of harm or injury to yourself or others • people are also permitted to remove		

	a face covering in order to take medication		
Transparent face coverings, which may assist communication with someone who relies on lip reading, clear sound or facial expression to communicate, can also be worn	Transparent face coverings may be effective in reducing the spread of COVID-19. However, the evidence to support this is currently very limited.	×	
School has a small contingency of supply of face coverings available for people who:  • are struggling to access a face covering  • are unable to use their face covering as it has become damp, soiled or unsafe  • have forgotten their face covering	Supply in staffroom	×	
Face coverings (whether transparent or cloth) should fit securely around the face to cover the nose and mouth and be made with a breathable material capable of filtering airborne particles	Discuss with staff	⊠	
Face visors or shields can be worn by those exempt from wearing a face covering but they are not an equivalent alternative in terms of source control of virus transmission	Visors may protect against droplet spread in specific circumstances but are unlikely to be effective in preventing aerosol transmission, and therefore in a school environment are unlikely to offer appropriate protection to the wearer. Visors should only be used by those exempt from wearing a face covering after carrying out a risk assessment for the specific situation and should always be cleaned appropriately		
Clear instructions are provided to staff on how to put on, remove, store and dispose of face coverings, to avoid inadvertently increasing the risks of transmission	Discuss with staff	×	
<ul> <li>When wearing a face covering, staff and visitors should:</li> <li>wash their hands thoroughly with soap and water for 20 seconds or use hand</li> </ul>	As above	×	

<ul> <li>sanitiser before putting a face covering on</li> <li>avoid touching the part of the face covering in contact with the mouth and nose, as it could be contaminated with the virus</li> <li>change the face covering if it becomes damp or if they've touched the part of the face covering in contact with the mouth and nose</li> <li>avoid taking it off and putting it back on a lot in quick succession to minimise potential contamination</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>When removing a face covering, staff and visitors should: <ul> <li>wash their hands thoroughly with soap and water for 20 seconds or use hand sanitiser before removing</li> <li>only handle the straps, ties or clips</li> <li>not give it to someone else to use</li> <li>if single-use, dispose of it carefully in a household waste bin and do not recycle</li> <li>once removed, store reusable face coverings in a plastic bag until there is an opportunity to wash them.</li> <li>if reusable, wash it in line with manufacturer's instructions at the highest temperature appropriate for the fabric</li> <li>wash their hands thoroughly with soap and water for 20 seconds or use hand sanitiser once removed</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	As above	×	
Where a face covering becomes damp, it should not be worn and the face covering should be replaced carefully	Staff may consider bringing a spare face covering to wear if their face covering becomes damp during the day	×	
Visitors, Contractors & Spread of Coronaviru	ıs		
School strongly encourages parents and other visitors to take a lateral flow device (LFD) test before entering the school	Communicate with parents	$\boxtimes$	
Key contractors are made aware of the school's control measures and ways of working	Communicated by office staff and/or Head Teacher	×	
School ensures site guidance on is explained to visitors and contractors on or before arrival	As above	$\boxtimes$	
Contractors to provide updated risk assessment prior to visit which includes their own controls round infection spread prevention	As above	×	
As normal, school engages with their local immunisation providers to provide immunisation programmes on site, ensuring	These programmes are essential for	$\boxtimes$	

these are delivered in keeping with the school's control measures	children's health and wellbeing				
Inadequate Ventilation					
Co2 monitors used and monitored to detect areas of poor ventilation	Class 1, Class 2, Class 3 and library prioritised	⊠			
Where Co2 monitor readings are consistently high for at least 1 week (1500ppm or higher) the school has either bid for air cleaning units (HEPA filtration) or purchased units to improve ventilation	apply for a DfE funded air cleaning unit.pdf - Google Drive Monitor readings regularly	⊠			
	This can be achieved by a variety of measures including:				
Occupied spaces must always be well ventilated and a comfortable teaching environment maintained	mechanical ventilation systems – these should be adjusted to increase the ventilation rate wherever possible, and checked to confirm that normal operation meets current guidance (if possible, systems should be adjusted to full fresh air or, if not, then systems should be operated as normal as long as they are within a single room and supplemented by an outdoor air supply)				
Ventilate spaces with outdoor air	Natural ventilation  – if necessary external opening doors may also be used provided this doesn't compromise safeguarding measures	×			
Where possible, occupied room windows should be open	Discus with staff	×			
Switch air handling units with recirculation to 100% outdoor air where this is not possible, systems are operated as normal	Further advice on this can be found in Health and Safety Executive guidance on air conditioning and ventilation			×	

			<u>/irus</u> <u>lk</u> and <u>CIB</u> /irus (COV					
Prop doors open, where safe to do so (bearing in mind fire safety and safeguarding), to limit use of door handles and assist with creating a throughput of air			doors must not opped open steel they have a closing hold device fitted		×			
In cold weather where the school heating system is activated, windows are open to provide trickle ventilation rather than being fully open			ventilation window er weather s should be just enoughed constant on, and more fully preaks to the air in the	ys ee gh nt				
Consideration given to opening high level windows in preference to low level to reduce draughts			with staff		⊠			
Consideration g other window in heating is activa	As abov	/e						
If school needs only use sealed	used sp	fan heate aringly du ased fire a al risk	е	⊠				
Have you consulted with the people/representatives undertaking the activity as part of the preparation of this risk assessment					Yes			No 🗆
What is the level of risk for this activity/situation with existing control measures					High ⊠	Me	d	Low
Is the risk adequately controlled with existing control measures					Yes	$\boxtimes$	ı	No 🗆
Have you identified any further control measures needed to control the risk and recorded them in the action plan					Yes □ N		No ⊠	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					o be actioned by			
Further control measures to reduce risks so far as is reasonably practicable			me	Date			)	
Share all new procedures with staff and governors NC						7.1.22		
State overall risk level assigned to the task <b>AFTER</b> implementation of control and action plan measures taken as a result of this risk assessment					High	Me ⊠	d	Low
Is such a risk level deemed to be as low as reasonably practical?					Yes ⊠ M		No 🗆	
Is activity still acceptable with this level of risk?					Yes	$\boxtimes$		No 🗆
If no, has this been escalated to senior leadership team?					Yes		ı	No 🗆
Assessor(s):   NEIL CLARK   Signature(s):					) U	L		
Position(s)	HEAD TEACHER	Jigilatart	(3).	1		V. ~!		

Date:	7.1.22 17.1.22 (amendment)	Review Date:	As advised by NYCC
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## Distribution: All staff and governors

Risk rating	Action
HIGH	Urgently review/add controls & monitor, notify H&S Team (if Likely or Highly Likely – stop work, seek competent advice)
MEDIUM	Review/add controls (as far as reasonably practicable) & monitor
LOW	Monitor control measures

## POTENTIAL OUTCOME POTENTIAL OUTCOME LIKELIHOOD Catastrophic More likely to occur Catastrophic Fatal injury/permanent disability Major Major RIDDOR reportable Specified Injury/ Likely Disease/Dangerous Occurrence RIDDOR reportable over 7 day injury Moderate Moderate Possible Minor injury (requiring first aid) Minor Unlikely Minor Less likely to occur Minor injury Insignificant Insignificant Remote Unlikely Likely Highly Likely Remote Possible